E 1-28: SOLAR/2038-79/06

Alexa 1214327

SOLAR/2038-79/06

### Monthly Performance Report

DALLAS RECREATION CENTER

JUNE 1979





National Solar Heating and Cooling Demonstration Program

**National Solar Data Program** 

### NOTICE \_\_\_\_

This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by the United States Government. Neither the United States nor the United States Department of Energy, nor any of their employees, nor any of their contractors, subcontractors, or their employees, make any warranty, express or implied, or assume any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights.

### MONTHLY PERFORMANCE REPORT DALLAS RECREATION CENTER JUNE 1979

### I. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This solar energy system is installed in the North Hampton Park Recreation and Health Center in Dallas, Texas. The building contains an area of 16,000 square feet, which provides room for an 8,000-square foot gymnasium, a locker room and a health care clinic. The solar energy system is designed to provide 30 percent of the annual space heating, 48 percent of the annual space cooling and 90 percent of domestic hot water requirements.

The solar energy system contains 238 single-glazed flat-plate collectors, manufactured by Honeywell, Inc., providing a gross area of 3,650 square feet. The collectors are mounted in 29 arrays on the roof of the building and face south. The collectors are tilted at an angle of 25 degrees from the horizontal. The heat transfer medium is an aqueous solution of 35 percent ethylene glycol. The capacity of the collector loop is 475 gallons.

Space heating is accomplished by the transfer of thermal energy, using heat exchangers, to the air handling system. Space heating is supplemented by a gas-fired boiler. The thermal energy is stored in a 6,000-gallon hot water storage tank which is located above ground in the mechanical room and is insulated with four inches of urethane.

Space cooling is supplied by using solar energy to operate an ARKLA absorption chiller. Chilled water is stored in a 2,000-gallon tank located above ground in the mechanical room and insulated with four inches of urethane. Auxiliary space cooling is provided by two vapor compression units.

Supply water (city) is preheated by heat exchanger HX3 on the hot side of the absorption chiller condenser loop. Preheated water is further heated by heat exchanger HX2, between the hot water storage and the domestic hot water heater (DHW heater). A conventional 100-gallon natural gas water

heater provides additional thermal energy to satisfy the load requirement.

The system, shown schematically in Figure 1, has five modes of solar operation.

Mode 1 - Collector-to-Storage: This mode is entered when either of two collector absorber plate thermal switches close and activate pump Pl at 180°F for cooling and 120°F for heating, respectively. The set points are automatically selected by manual demand switches on the control panel. Additionally, when the solution temperature leaving the collector system exceeds the hot water storage temperature by 20 degrees, pump P2 is energized. This mode continues until the temperature difference is less than three degrees.

Mode 2 - Space Heating: This mode is entered when the HEAT AUTO switch on the console switch panel is in the ON position. Pumps P4 and P5 are energized when valves V3, V6 and V7 on their respective hot water coils begin to open to the coil. At the same time, the control cycle for valves V4 and V5 will be enabled. The signal from an electronic sensor downstream of valve V4, reset by an outdoor electronic sensor, causes valve V5 to be positioned to maintain heating water at a selected temperature. The selected temperature is reset inversely to changes in outdoor temperature.

If the solar heated water temperature becomes too low to supply the heating demand, valve V5 reaches the full open position to storage, a time delay circuit is initiated, valve V5 closes to the storage tank, and valve V4 opens so that hot water from the gas-fired boiler may be used to satisfy the heating loads. The control cycle for valves V4 and V5 has a time delay which is adjustable up to a maximum of five hours. The time delay is to prevent valve oscillations. If, during this cycle, heating requirements are satisfied and valve V4 reaches the fully closed position to the boiler position, another time delay cycle is initiated which will cancel the previous time delay cycle and restore space heating to valve V5 and the solar energy source.

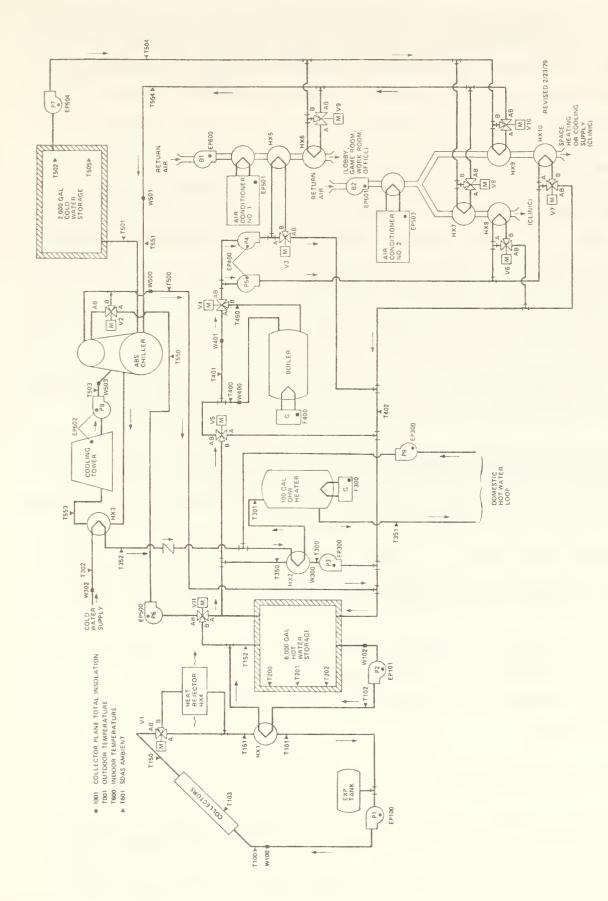


Figure 1. DALLAS RECREATION CENTER SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM SCHEMATIC

Mode 3 - Space Cooling: When the COOL AUTO switch on the console switch panel is in the ON position, pump P7 starts if any chilled water valve (V8, V9, or V10) is open to the cooling coil. Pump P6 is interlocked to start when pump P7 is started and the absorption chiller control circuit is enabled. Pump P8 and the cooling tower fan are controlled by the absorption chiller controls. Valve VII will attempt to maintain generator water temperature at 170°F. The chilled water inventory will be maintained by energizing the chiller when chilled water return temperature exceeds 50°F and by de-energizing the chiller at 44°F. If, during the cooling portion of the cycle, cooling demands cannot be met by the chilled water system and any chilled water valve reaches full open to the coil position, a time delay cycle is initiated which closes chilled water valves V8, V9, and V10 to the coils, and enables the respective air conditioning unit to allow the chilled water storage to recover. During this cycle, pump P7 will be locked on to provide required circulation through the chiller. The time delay cycle is adjustable for up to five hours. After the time delay period, the air conditioning unit is de-energized and the solar mode re-entered.

Mode 4 - Excess Heat Rejection: The hot water storage is provided with two alarm thermostats. One initiates an alarm at the central control console when the storage temperature reaches a selected low level. The other thermostat initiates an alarm if the hot water storage temperature reaches a selected high level. At the same time, valve VI will be positioned to divert collector solution through heat rejector HX4, where excess energy is dissipated to the outside air.

Mode 5 - Domestic Hot Water: Domestic hot water (DHW) is preheated by heat exchanger HX3 when the cooling tower is active. Energy from hot water storage is exchanged at heat exchanger HX2 when pump P3 is on. Pump P9 is on continuously.

### II. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The system performance evaluations discussed in this section are based primarily on the analysis of the data presented in the attached computer-generated monthly report. This attached report consists of daily site thermal and energy values for each subsystem, plus environmental data.

The performance factors discussed in this report are based upon the definitions contained in NBSIR 76-1137, Thermal Data Requirements and Performance Evaluation Procedures for the National Solar Heating and Cooling Demonstration Program.

### A. Introduction

The solar energy system was turned on in June 1978, and has been operating in conjunction with the auxiliary heating system since that time. Site data acquisition was started on September 4, 1978.

The solar energy system operated continuously during June. The space cooling load was 73.34 million Btu, of which the solar energy system provided 11.60 million Btu and the auxiliary system provided 61.74 million Btu.

A malfunction in the automatic controls for the DHW subsystem resulted in fossil energy being transferred to the hot water storage, which is the reverse of the design plan. Natural gas was turned off to the boiler on April 27, 1979. The natural gas was turned off to eliminate the inadvertent transfer of boiler heated water to the hot water storage due to leakage past three-way valves V4 and V5.

### B. Weather

The climatological measured versus long-term values are shown below:

	Long-Term Average	Measured
Ambient Temperature (°F)	80.6	81
Heating Degree-Days (°F-day)	0	0
Cooling Degree-Days (°F-day)	468	494
Insolation (Btu/ft <sup>2</sup> -day)	1,989	1,864

### C. System Thermal Performance

Collector - Of the 204.2 million Btu of solar energy incident on the collector array during June, only 167.3 million Btu were incident on the array when pump Pl (Figure 1) was operating. The system collected a net energy of 57.5 million Btu, or 28.2 percent of the total insolation incident on the collector array. The operation of pumps Pl and P2 to collect energy required 2.5 million Btu.

Energy loss from the collectors was 1.6 percent of the total energy gained by the collectors. This loss was caused by collector flow occurring when the inlet temperature was greater than the outlet temperature. This condition usually occurred during the last 30 minutes of each day prior to pump Pl turning off. Actual energy lost was 0.96 million Btu. Intentional energy dissipation from the heat rejector HX4 located between the collectors and heat exchanger HX1 was 14.94 million Btu. This is the first recorded operation of the heat rejector since the solar energy system became operational.

<u>Storage</u> - A total of 48.5 million Btu was extracted from storage during the month. The space heating subsystem received no energy from storage. The DHW subsystem received no energy from storage. The space cooling subsystem received 48.5 million Btu from storage. The energy in storage increased by 1.9 million Btu during the month.

The DHW subsystem delivered 0.02 million Btu to storage, which is not a normal mode of operation. A review of the net energy flow in and out of storage is shown below:

Solar energy delivered to storage	51.3	Million	Btu
Solar energy from storage	48.5	MIllion	Btu
Excess energy	2.8	Million	Btu
	2.8	Million	Btu
Stored energy change	1.9	Million	Btu
Energy loss from storage	0.9	Million	Btu

Storage efficiency was 98.2 percent.

<u>Domestic Hot Water</u> - Hot water consumption for June was 2,050 gallons. Average consumption was 68 gallons each day. During June, the average temperature of hot water delivered was 133°F. The hot water consumed was replaced with cold water at an average temperature of 83°F.

During June, no energy was transferred from hot water storage to the DHW heater. Inadvertently 0.02 million Btu was transferred from the DHW heater to the hot water storage. This anomaly was due to a malfunction of the automatic control system.

Space Heating Load - There was no space heating load. On June 28 and 29, 1979, the space heating circulating pumps P4 and P5 operated for approximately 14 hours for unknown reasons. No energy transfer occurred across heating coils HX5, HX8 or HX10, nor was there any flow from the heating coils to the storage tank. Approximately 0.42 million Btu of operating energy was used to circulate water. The automatic control system controlling pumps P4 and P5 appears to have malfunctioned.

<u>Space Cooling Load</u> - The total measured cooling demand was 73.3 million Btu. Of this total, the solar energy system provided 11.6 million Btu, and the auxiliary system provided 61.7 million Btu. The solar cooling system extracted 48.5 million Btu from the hot water storage and required 8.49 million Btu of operating energy.

The auxiliary system, which consists of two air conditioners, used 24.7 million Btu to produce 61.7 million Btu of cooling. The auxiliary system ran each day in June. Total cooling operating energy for June was 44.43 million Btu, of which 11.25 million Btu was used to operate the air-handler fans. The absorption chiller operated 28 days in June. The 48.5 million Btu consumed by the generator of the chiller produced 11.6 million Btu of cooling. This represents a monthly average COP of 0.33. This low COP is due to the chiller operating at times when the return chilled water temperature was within 3°F of the outlet temperature. This is discussed in greater detail in Section II.D.

### D. Observations

<u>Automatic Control Problems</u> - The transfer of 0.02 million Btu from the DHW heater to the hot water storage tank is not a normal mode of operation. This is due to the automatic controls not being properly set.

<u>Leaking Three-Way Valve</u> - The adverse effect of water leaking past the three-way valves V4 and V5 was eliminated by turning off the natural gas to the boiler. This prevented boiler heated water from flowing to the storage tank and made possible a performance evaluation of the storage subsystem.

<u>Space Cooling Automatic Controls</u> - The suggested changes which would improve performance are:

- The absorption chiller control circuit should de-energize the absorption chiller when the chilled water return temperature is less than 44°F. The data from the National Solar Data Network (NSDN) indicate that this control may not be functioning. This control should be checked. When the absorption chiller cycles off, it should remain off for 3 1/2 minutes. For example on June 9, 1979, the chilled water return temperature T551 was approximately 42°F from 1409 to 1553 hours. The absorption chiller appears to have continued functioning during this period.
- The chilled water tank temperature is being maintained too low. For example, temperature sensor T502 which is located in the top of the chilled water tank registered 41.1°F at 1450 hours on June 9, 1979. At this time the chilled water return temperature sensor T551 registered 42.2°F. Efficiency would increase if the chilled water tank temperature was increased.
- 3) The auxiliary air conditioners are energized concurrently with the chilled water pump P7. For example, on June 9, 1979, air conditioner number one was energized from 1259 to 1553 hours

while the absorption chiller was operating and pump P7 circulated 51 gallons of chilled water each minute. The chilled water return temperature sensor T554 registered an average of 41°F during this period. With chilled water available at a temperature of 41°F, the building cooling load could have been within the capability of the absorption chiller.

<u>Intentional Heat Rejection</u> - Heat rejector HX4 operated on 28 days during June. This is significant because no prior operation of this overheat protection system has been recorded. On June 28, 1979, at 1101 hours, the fluid temperature leaving the collectors was 203.6°F and after passing through heat rejector HX4 the temperature was 200.2°F. This data provides a measurement of overheat protection capability.

### E. Energy Savings

The Dallas Recreation Center solar energy system resulted in a negative savings of 0.01 million Btu of natural gas and 6.32 million Btu of electricity during the month. The negative savings was due to (1) the reverse flow of energy from the DHW tank to the thermal storage tank and also due to leakage past valves V4 and V5 and (2) the cooling load supplied by the absorption chiller required more electricity than would have been required had a conventional air conditioner supplied the load. For example, the operating energy for the chilled water system which includes pumps P6, P7 and P8 used 8.49 million Btu. Assuming a COP of 2.5, this would have produced 21.2 million Btu of cooling from a conventional air conditioner. The total cooling load supplied by the chilled water was 11.6 million Btu.

### III. ACTION STATUS

The operation of the absorption chiller was discussed by phone with Frank Marshall on May 24, 1979. In order to operate more efficiently, Frank plans to adjust the absorption chiller controls and install a new condenser high limit switch.

### PROGR DEMONSTRATION COOLING AND ATING HE/ d 0

### <> PADA WZ XX >5 土山 TIS

0

တ်

AR/203

LAS, AL 0 ER ENTE ن 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 QШ S S S M S ш AS \* \_100 **40** -..0 WO. HO-S

00 E STI IOL HH5 20 SHO ш SPACE A 35% ISED AS SPOIST SES OENXO ER USE TANK a what POPT ENZAK STE SY ENE AATER. THE OR HX LOOP. TO THE ST. NG TON SOL HOTO SCRIPTION:
RECREATION CENTER
OLING AND DOMESTIC
SOLUTION IN THE CO
AGE MEDIUM: HOT W
COILS FOR SPACE HE YSTEM TOALLAS STON I IN-DUCT IN-DUCT

OON WHIS

 $\vdash$ 

10

NC Ü TURE ATURE FFICIE 9 ER Z ш LENT TEMPERACONVERSION ENCONVERSION ENCON AKI GΥ NERGY  $\simeq$ ENE SOLAR DA SOLAR A THE LEGIT TO THE COLUMN COLU ED NTE ECTI RATOER AGG KKUNAA \_ AAVE FCSSE TOT TOT 0 EN

. 9 1 RGY EL GS AR ENERSY USED
RATING ENERGY
THERMAL ENER
ELECTRIC FUE
FOSSIL FUEL
SAVINGS  $\succeq$ 4 SUM E L SC. . AAR SYSTE THAPAOSSI OLUCCPOOO SHXXXIIILLA SUB:

4. 40mme000

-3 -3

00

Ōr-

NI -

EA 0

Z4HOWWO ANA

00000000000

000

0404040

0

45

N-N0.8

DATA ACTOR ш \_1 ũ DVa AHO MANCE DAL UNAVA NULL S NOT FOR OTES  $\alpha$ ш ۵ E E ZZO ST 00 \*@Z

 $\overline{\phantom{a}}$  $-\infty$ 9 2 2 SE Y NA Ш OB ŽΨ M M 04 LX 20 ωō PRP HAH ONT  $\Sigma \propto$ L'E IO  $\vdash$ 0 01-E TI [ I 101 DAO UZO Sm O - IX X-A SE JO NOC w ш S ш  $\alpha$ LL

Ø

AT

ã

u

BL

CA

V.

ω

16

TO 222 222222 000  $\omega\omega\omega\omega\omega\omega\omega\omega\omega$ ZHZZZZZZZ 10Z0000000 777 **HSHSHM VHUHHHHHH** EGGCCCC CANCTCC EXX **EUZZZZZZZ** 202000 ととらとしのとしとこと とろりとしゅうしゅうしゅん 55.0 22.4 22.6 11.5 NW 80744000 20 11 N NF -

10

### 5 d 90 ۵ NO. I RA1 DEMON G COOLIN AND S I V 뷔 Ø 0

### 22 22 DA C M >5 Ŧ MONTE

AR/2038-79/0

S, TX. LA AL 0  $\alpha$ Ш E ш  $\omega$ 6 NO 976 H -ИШ WZ Z 5 ш ~ . SO < Im 100 ىلالىــــ DD •• 🗠 WO p-0 щÜ S

S

HE BUTED HHZ 20 SHO ш SA SA S A S S A S S S A S S S A S S S A S S A S S A S S A S S A S S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S SES ISES LOO a.WHWH ENERGY SYSTEM P WATER. THE SYSTE OR HX LOOP. WAT FROM THE STORAGE TO THE GENERAT 4 DESCRIPTION:

AS RECREATION CENTER SOLAR EN COOLING AND DOMESTIC HOT WAT IT SOLUTION IN THE COLLECTOR STORAGE MEDIUM. HOT WATER FROUT COILS FOR SPACE HEATING; TENTER FROM THE STING. SYSTEM DALLAS
EATING, C
RESTON II
REGY STO
IN-DUCT VIWKZ00 WHIGHE -

6 ENER ( 0 NER( ш AR AX AT SOL 00 S ш ED. HZ S Ш A C  $\perp$ 0 αZ Z Z 0

ENC ζX шн URE TURE FIC  $\propto$ N HAH Ш AKIII AM S CAUCATE MATERIAL MATE - XZXV OP VNT WOOZ NAPACE SIET THE VALOLI ABAKSE AANNAA ALONO JI 日日ろのアア >>0000 AAWWP-

~ 4 Σ S Σ STE SYS UB

000 0 0 NIL. 0 VO ш 1000AV001 100000H 4000 000 400 000 000 HOT E C ATC ERUN SAVUENGYE NIELGE ACTION AND A VINDER OF A VINDE 

OR ACT ш NCE MA  $\alpha$ 1.1  $\alpha$ Π̈ ۵ ш S

5

4

Ø DAT/ ш Ø AT BL 0 A ن ш PABL ILA DAT AP NAVA ULL NOT SZV Ш SST O 220 000 270 யய் 00 . A. \* BZ 6

 $-\infty$ 

 $\alpha \alpha$ 

۵ ک

Wa:

NA ШX N N N N N

 $\triangleleft \square$ 

Σ٠ FOR

20

ШО

PR

ZO

 $\Sigma_{\alpha}$ 

HE

 $\vdash \circ$ 

 $\infty$ 70 AL /18

Zo

mor-

UID ATI

0Z0

Z O

- IX

&HA

SE JO

200

ENC

 $\alpha$ 

Ш

> ATA

11

ES S ш らとらとりり 2027594785 としのころころのでら 789 2126

200 OCO 500 • N ∞ • 0 . . . NMM 71

0 000000000 ZMMMOHA  $\overline{\Box}$ OL 7. 0-

0·0 0 0 0 0 0

Oa OOOOOOO目のてらめるころの1 10000000000 060020H 9S 70 -----50 2

Ш

шшш 225

SOS

5

- $\begin{array}{c} \Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\\ \nabla\nabla\nabla\nabla\nabla\nabla\nabla\nabla\nabla\\ \end{array}$

SOLAR HEATING AND COOLING DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM

ENERGY COLLECTION AND STORAGE SUBSYSTEM (ECSS) REPORT PERIOD: 5048,1979 CENTER DALLAS, TX.

SOLAR/2038-79/06

EDSS SOLAR EFFICIENCY			0.23	
RENERS REJECTED AILLION BTU		.93	49	 
OPERATIN MILLION BTU	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	.46	0	i —
THERMAL TO ECSS MILLION BTU	  -  -  - 			
エトマント	00 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	. 52	61	
			81	N113
INCIDENT SOLAR ENERGY MILLION BTU		204.15	į (	0001
MODAY MONTH	0.0840000000000000000000000000000000000	SU	AVG	

\* DENOTES UNAVALLABLE DATA. » DENOTES NOT APPLICABLE DATA.

## COLLECTOR TARAY PERPORMANCE

SBLAR/2038-	
SITE: DALLAS RECREATION CENTER DALLAS, TX. REPORT PERIOD: JUNE, 1979	

19/06

1				
COLLECTOR ARRAY EFFICIENCY	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		0.282	N100
DAYTIME AMBIENT DEG F	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		88	
COLLECTED SOLAR ENERGY MI-LLION BTU	2/22	.51	1.91	0100
OPERATIONAL INCIDENT ENERGY MILLION BTU	01004000400000000000000000000000000000	• 29	5	
INCIDENT SOLAR ENERGY MILLION BTU	2604040404040404040404040404040404040404		6.80	0001
MONTH MONTH		1		NBSID

\* DENOTES UNAVAILABLE DATA. @ DENOTES NULL DATA. N.A. DENOTES NOT APPLICABLE DATA.

SOLAR HEATING AND COOLING DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM

### STORAGEHLYERFORMANCE

AR/2038-79/06	STORAGE EFFICIENCY	- 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0.985	Ö
SOL	STERAGE AVERAGE TEMP DEG F			164	
DALLAS, TX.	IN CHANGE IN CHANGE IN MILLION BTU ON BTU	88011000000000000000000000000000000000	9 9	0.066	9202
9 CENTER	ENERGY ENERGY STORAGE MILLION BTU	00001112222222222222222222222222222222	.52	9	0201
RECREA : JUNE	STORAGE MILLION BTU	00011112222222222222222222222222222222	• 29	1.710	0200
SITE: DAL	MONTH	 		AVG	NBS ID

\* DENOTES UNAVAILABLE DATA. a DENOTES NULL DATA. N.A. DENOTES NOT APPLICABLE DATA.

SOLAR HEATING AND COOLING DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM

N. A. DENSTRUCK BOTA APPLICABLE DAIA-

HOMONAHER SEBSASTEM

SDLAR/2038-79/06

SITE: DALLAS RECREATION CENTER DALLAS, TX. REPORT PERIOD: JUNE, 1979

N				- Carrella Barrella	
Name	HOTE VSED GAL	01-1-0-100 0000r 0000mn 1	0.5	- 1	30
The part of the	I DAMMIT I	-	1:1	13	30
A	IDAMMIT!	レフト自身的自由として自由的的自由的自由的自由的自由的自由的自由的自由的自由的自由的自由的自由的自由的	·	ω i	30
A	PACE PLINGS PLINGS PLINGS PLINGS		0	0.00	313
MILLIADN	TAVELLINGS BLINGS BLINGS BLINGS	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00 • 0	0 • 0	311
Mark	FOSSIL ILLION		• 66	• 2-2	306
Martin   M	ELECT FUEL ILLIO	NEUDONAU AUS HOS	V.	Vo	305
AY HILLION  MILLION  O.0000	HERMAL USED ILLION BTU		00.	13	30
AY HOT SOLAR	ENERGE ENERGE ILLIO		000	00	30
AAY  M LCAD  NAILLION  MILLION  MILLION  MILLION  CENT  COO 00000  COO 000000  COO 00000  COO 000000  COO 00000  COO 0000	SOLAR SOLAR JSED ILLIO		00.0	0.00	30
M	POROLA ORA ORA ORA ORA	00000000 000000 00000000000000000000	1	10	30
SIGIMIOSBACOSTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOSTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOBACOTORATOOB	HOT HOTER LOAD ILLION BTU	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	1.80	- 03 - 03	302
	YEN YEN			1>	1001

\* DENOTES UNAVAILABLE DATA. DENOTES NULL DATA. N.A. DENOTES NOT APPLICABLE DAFA.

# SOLAR HEATING AND-CODLING DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM

### SPACE MEATING SUBSYSTEM

SDLAP/2038-79/06

×
-
S
V
A
0
EX.
H-
Z
C
5
06
3-4-1
ATT.
WZ
S
α··
SO
PA
0
~
U.O
<u></u>
S

141 0 481 0 481			1 00 1	N113
JE BOLL	1000000000000000000000000000000000000			N406
IJ>VZ		00.	00.	
SAVINGS MILLION	NTOPOHUTOS HOS		I	S
FOSSIL FUEL MILLION BTU		00	00.	0
ELECT FUEL MILLION	MEBACTHOADAM	N N	A	
I J Z i	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00.	00.	i
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	.41	• 01	03
SOLAR EVERGY USED MILLION	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	• 00	01
SOLAR FROF FOT PCT	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		0	N400
SPACE HEATING HILLION-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	CO.	00.	
10 x 1	○と日本のようなできることを見てなるのようなもをとしてころろろろろろろろこししししししし		> 1	∞ I

\* DENOTES UNAVAILABLE DATA. a DENOTES NULL DATA. N.A. DENOTES NOT APPLICABLE DATA.

SOLAR HEATING AND-COOLING DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM

SPACE COOLING SUBSYSTEM

SDLAR/2038-79/06

SITE: DALLAS RECREATION CENTER DALLAS, TX.

			co	N113
TRUNCT TRUCK MARK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK TRUCK	 	1 1	-	N406
S EVENS IL S AVINGS MILLION	ZCH	N.A.	A .	
		3.85	0.12	12
AUX FOSSIL FUEL MILLION BTU		A.A.	N .	
AUX AUX ELECT MILLION BTU	1000000000000000000000000000000000000	• 69	0.82	
THERMAL USED MILLION BTU	0-000000000000000000000000000000000000	• 28	.57	
i > z	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	• 75	0.65	03
SOLAR ENERGY USED ILLION	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	• 50	1.61	
SOLAR FR. OF LOAD PCT	84 H HWL404HHQ4 H IIII		·i	N500
SPACE COOLING COOLING MILLION BTU		.34	2.44	01
DAY-	まこところころころころころころころろろろろろろろろろろろろろろろろろろろうしゅう ちょうちゅう しゅうちょうしょうしょうしょうしょうしょうしょうしょうしょうしょうしょうしょうしょうしょ		> i	ത.1

\* DENDTES UNAVAILABLE DATA. a DENOTES NULL DATA. N.A. DENOTES NOT APPLICABLE DATA.

SOLAR HEATING AND COOLING DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM

SDLAR/2038-79/06

ENVIRONMENTAL SUMMARY SITE: DALLAS RECREATION CENTER DALLAS, TX. EPORT PERIOD: JUNE, 1979

S S E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	ZO⊢ 400.7HU4@7M		N . N .	N114
DIRECTION	MFBACHFBACH 102		A .	N115
RELATIVE HUMIDITY PERCENT	MLBAOHLDDA 40Z		•   Z	i
			8 8	
			41	N113
INSOLATION BTU/SQ.FT	NEWYONE ACT NO A	Z . A	V	
	0001-100000000000000000000000000000000	93	186	0
MODA	   008/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/		AVG	NBS ID

\* DENOTES UNAVAILABLE DATA. a DENOTES NULL DATA. N.A. DENOTES NOT APPLICABLE DATA.

THIRMODYNAMPSTERNVERSTOR COULDMENT

## SOLAR HEATING AND COOLING DEMONSTRATION PROGRAN.

SDLAR/2038-79/06 EQUIPMENT THERMODYNAMIC CONVERSION DALLAS RECREATION CENTER DALLAS, TX. PERIOD: JUNE, 1979 SETE: DA

COEFFICIENT DF PERFORMANCE (SEE NOTE)	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
REJECTED MILLION	
OPERATING- ENERGY MILLION BTU	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
THERMAI ENERGY INPUT MICLION BTU	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
EQUIPMENT OAD MILLION BTU	0.000000000000000000000000000000000000
MONTH	

\* DENDTES UNAVAILABLE DATA. a-DENDTES NULL DATA. N.A. DENOTES NOT APPLICABLE DATA. NOTE:



